## How to Segment Words

Follow these steps to help you segment words using the Segmenting Strips：

1．say the word aloud
2．count the sounds，holding up one finger for each sound
3．write the number of sounds
4．write a grapheme to represent each sound
5．highlight the grapheme／s for the focus sound．
Tip：Look away from the word when counting the sounds．

## Tricky Words to Segment

## Words with $\mathbf{q}$ and $\mathbf{u}$

In words with ercqckxch whus we usually use $\mathbf{q}$ for 思 $\mathbf{k c q c k x c h}$ and $\mathbf{u}$ for 展 whu．

```
q
```


## Words where $\mathbf{x}$ represents two sounds

We can use $\mathbf{x}$ for the two sounds © ${ }^{\text {® } \mathbf{c q} \mathbf{q} \mathbf{x c h}}$
sss se cexc．When we segment words where $\mathbf{x}$ represents two sounds，we write the $\mathbf{x}$ across two boxes．

| n | e | $\mathbf{x}$ | t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Words with ayu foomueu－e

We can use u，ui，eu，ew，u＿e，ue and eau to
 When we segment words with a grapheme representing yu grapheme across two boxes．

```
b b eau l t y
```


## Why Segment Words？

Segmenting words into sounds solidifies the connection between each sound and the grapheme representing it． This fosters the ability to recognise words automatically （a process called orthographic mapping）．

## Words ending in le

It can be hard to hear 耳 $_{\text {eraroraeiou in }}$ words ending in le，which is why they can be segmented two ways．

If you hear $\sqrt{ } 111$ forle，write le in one box．

| $t$ | $a$ | $b$ | le |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

 write le across two boxes．

| $t$ | $a$ | $b$ | $l e$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Words with split digraphs

A split digraph is two letters representing one sound，but the two letters are split apart by another grapheme．The split digraphs are：a＿e，e＿e，i＿e，o＿e and u＿e． When we segment a word with a split digraph，we show the split digraph using a curved line．


